

### Microaggressions

What are they and why are they important to understand?

It's a form of discrimination involving subtle, spoken or unsaid things directed at a person.

Discrimination means treating other people unjustly.



# How can microaggressions be discrimination?

We all have generalized beliefs - good or bad - about people. That's what a **stereotype** is. Books, movies, advertising, and more can reinforce stereotypes. This leads to "**implicit bias**". A hidden attitude that affects our understanding, feelings, and actions towards other people. **Prejudice** is unfair, bad attitude towards a person or group.

**Stereotypes + biases + prejudice** can equal discrimination.

### **Examples of**

#### **MICROAGGRESSIONS**

- "Oh, I don't see colour."
- Interrupting
- Assuming a person of colour is a service worker
- "Everyone can succeed in our society, you just have to work hard enough."
- "I know what you're going through as a racial minority, I'm a woman."
- "Wow, you're trans? You don't look like it at all!"



## Want to know more? Check out these links.

The setting may be school-related, but the messages are relevant to everyone.

<u>This video</u> describes microaggressions and what to do when they happen. And <u>this one</u> gives some examples and ways to reflect.



### Need help or have questions?

#### Lisa

lriddell@jasper-alberta.ca **Leanne** 

lpelletier@jasper-alberta.ca



#### **Key points**

- It's a form of discrimination
- They are subtle and often occur despite best intentions
- Can be verbal or nonverbal
- Imply stereotypical expectations even when intended to be complimentary